

Charitable establishments and institutions.

Hospitals.

General clinic, IX. Schwarzspanierstr. 12; founded 1872; for all sorts of diseases; nothing to pay. Consultation every day, except Sunday and holy-days. President Dr. H. Auspitz.

St. Anna (hospital of children), IX. Kinderspitalgasse 6; founded 1837, at the expenses of the chevalier de Mauthner. 100 beds; nothing to pay; there is a clinic. Director: Prof. Dr. Hermann Widerhofer.

Barmherzige Schwestern (hospital of the sisters of mercy), Mariahilf, Gumpendorferstr. 110; founded 1852; 80 beds; homœopathic treatment. Archiater: physician and surgeon Dr. E. Rossival.

Barmherzige Schwestern (office of the hospital of the sisters of mercy). II. Karmelitergasse 9. Established 1838, 80 beds; alleopathic and homœopathic treatment. Archiater and alleopath: Dr. G. Jurie. Archiater and homœopath: Dr. C. Wuerstl.

St. Elisabeth (hospital of the Elisabethan nuns), III. Hauptstrasse 4. Founded 1815; 100 beds; nothing to pay. Archiater: Dr. Alois Urbantschitsch.

Foundling hospital (Landes-Findelanstalt), Josefstadt, Alserstrasse 21 and 23. Founded 1784 by the emperor Josef II. This establishment, consistent with the lying-in hospital and foundling-hospital at Paris, is subjected to complicated prescriptions and institutions, which have the purpose of saving the interests of the children as much as possible,

n consideration of their mothers. Director: Dr. C. Fridinger.

St. Francis of Assisi (hospital of the nuns of St. Francis of Assisi, Spital der Schwestern zum heil. Franz v. Assisi), V. Hartmannsgasse 7. Founded 1865 by the nuns; 60 beds; nothing to pay. Archiater: physician and surgeon Dr. J. Neubauer.

Hospital of the brothers of mercy (Spital der Barmherzigen Brüder), II. Taborstrasse 16. Founded 1824 by the emperor Francis II; 224 beds; nothing to pay. Archiater: physician and surgeon Dr. Lerch.

General hospital (k. k. allgemeines Krankenhaus), IX. Alserstrasse 4; founded 1784 by the emperor Josef II. An immense quantity of patients is admitted every year, and taken care of, by 86 physicians. Price: first class (separated room) 4 fl.; second class (room for two persons) 2 fl.; third class (in the common room) 85 kr. daily. Director Dr. Josef Hoffmann.

Hospital of the jews (Spital der israelitischen Cultusgemeinde), Währing, Döblingerstrasse 24. Founded 1870—72, at the expenses of baron Anselmo de Rothschild. 100 beds. Archiater: Dr. Oser.

St. Josef hospital of children (St. Josefs-Kinderspital), III. Kolschitzkygasse 9; 100 beds; nothing to pay; founded 1841. Director: Dr. Josef Heim.

Hospital, called Krankenhaus auf der Wieden, IV. Favoritenstrasse 32. Founded 1841. 600 beds.

The same prices and conditions as in the general hospital. Director: Chevalier F. G. de Lorinser.

Hospital, called Kronprinz Rudolf-Kinderspital, III. Schlachthausgasse 1. Founded 1872 by A. J. Mautner, chevalier de Markhof. 48 beds. Nothing to pay. Archiater: Dr. Ignatius Hauke.

Hospital, called Leopoldstädter Kinderspital, II. Obere Augartenstrasse 22—24; founded 1869 by the society „Erste österr. Sparcasse”. Admission for 90 poor, sick children. Archiater: Dr. B. Unterholzner.

Hospital, called Maria-Theresia-Frauenhospital, VIII. Laudongasse 26. Founded 1872 by particulars, under the protection of Her Highness the imperial archduchess Maria-Theresa. Nothing to pay. Director and archiater: Dr. baron C. de Rokitanski.

House of mercy, called Haus der Barmherzigkeit, for the admission of incurably sick persons, at Währing, Antonigasse 70; founded 1875, by the brothers of the saint trinity. Life long admission; nothing to pay. There is room for 50 persons. Archiater: Dr. Mich. Weigel.

Lying-in hospital (Landes-Gebär-Anstalt), VIII. Alserstrasse 21 and 23, adjoining to the foundling-hospital; founded 1784 by Josef II. Poor women are admitted without paying, but on certain conditions; price for other people: first class 3 fl. 50 kr., second class 2 fl., third class 1 fl. 50 kr.; fourth class (clinic) 95 kr. daily. Director: Dr. Charles Fridinger.

Imp. and roy. establishment, called **Rudolf-Stiftung**, III. Rudolfsgasse 15; instituted 1862 by the emperor Francis-Josef, occasionally of the birth of prince Rodolph. There is room for 800 patients. There is but one class, consistent with the third class of the general hospital. Admission on the same conditions. Director: chevalier Dr. Charles Böhm.

Asylums.

Imp. and roy. mad-house of Low-Austria (Niederösterreichische Landes-Irren-Anstalt), IX. Lazarethgasse 14; founded 1858. There is a clinic. Director: Professor L. Schlager, Archiater: Dr. M. Gauster (men), Dr. A. Holler (women), Dr. Prof. M. Leidesdorf (clinic).

K. k. Blinden-Erziehungs-Institut (imp. and roy. establishment for the education of blinds), Josefstadt, Blindengasse 31; founded 1804. There are also laboratories for young people. Director: Matthiew Pablasek.

Blinden-Institut für Israeliten (establishment for the education of blind jews), Heiligenstadt, Hohe Warte 32. Director: Simon Heller.

Imp. and roy. orphan-asylum (k. k. Waisenhaus), IX. Waisenhausgasse 5; directed by the brothers of mercy.

Orphan-asylum (Wiener Waisenhaus für Mädchen), Neubau, Kaiserstrasse 92; founded by the community of Vienna 1862.

Orphan-asylum (Wiener Waisenhaus für Knaben), V. Gassergasse 1.

Protestant orphan-asylum for both sexes (Evangelisches Waisenhaus), Wieden, Wienstr. 51; founded 1872. President: Hermann Mehl.

Jewish orphan-asylum (Israelitisches Waisenhaus), IX. Seegasse 9.

Deaf-and-dumb asylum (k. k. Taubstummen-Institut), Wieden, Favoritenstrasse 13; founded by Maria-Theresa 1779.

Municipal asylum for old men and women (Bürger-Versorgungshaus), IX. at the corner of Währingerstrasse and Spitalgasse.

Asylums for old men and women (Vereinigte Versorgungs-Anstalten), IX. Spitalgasse 23. Considerably enlarged since fifteen years, it contains 2000 persons. Admission at extremely low prices, or without paying.

Private medical establishments.

(Privat-Heilanstalten.)

Alservorstadt, Lazarethgasse 16; hydro-pathic establishment, called „Brünnlbad”; for 40 patients. Founded 1859 by Dr. Gilge. Actual physician: Dr. Charles Linhart.

Sanative establishment of Dr. Anton Löw, IX. Mariannengasse 20.

Josefstadt, Langegasse 53; founded 1865; 24 beds. Director: physician and surgeon Albin Eder.

Landstrasse, Erdbergstrasse 7; 30–35 beds; founded 1835 for mental diseases. Directed by Dr. William Svetlin.

In the environs of Vienna:

Inzersdorf on the Wienerberg; founded 1872 by doctor H. Bresslauer; for mental diseases (15—20 persons). Director: Dr. Bresslauer.

Lainz, for mental diseases (70 persons); founded 1863. Director: chevalier Dr. de Hittnern.

Ober-Döbling, Hirschengasse 47; for mental and nervous diseases (74 persons); founded 1819 by Dr. Bruno Görge. Directors: Dr. Max Leidesdorf, Dr. Henry Obersteiner.

Währing, Cottagegasse 3; orthopedical establishment (36 persons); founded 1850. Director; chevalier Dr. H. de Weil.

Kaltenleutgeben, hydropathic establishment. Director: Dr. William Winternitz, professor of the university.

Public instruction.

The public schools are divided in superior schools (Hochschulen), secondary schools (Mittelschulen), and primary schools (Bürger- und Volksschulen). Besides Vienna possesses a quantity of special schools (Fachschulen), which are ranged either in this or in that class: