

No. 3.
Liefz. No. 10. gulten

1869 7
Prof. Wenzl

Couplet

mit: Robert der Teucl.



2.

Min Kuningä. Kriene Ring anse, so

Gönt anse sin fergä

Min Grefstergänu span d' b'läggn gndädig m'borgä

Min fründligu Völknu sin gata fäi in byräd

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi
L' m'at

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi

L' m'at fäi, stau L' m'at, d' m'at fäi

Mamee! sorgt nie Lästern, ein Anbitt' is' gind
 Des müßs d' Nocht zu sich anführen, wenn
 es fruchtig werden will
 Ein Jener, was es anbetit' anzurecht wies zu ihm
 Und sein is' nun, daß es nicht d' Anbitt'
 annehmen

Ein zinst sich schon zu weis' d' Altes, und
 Manchen

Und der Ball springt ein in Morgen
 O Gott, sorgt ein Anbitt', daß sich Spät
 sich annehmen
 Schleißig is' das müßs auch sorgen
 Log 6 d' Nocht Louet sich zu früh, und ein
 auf in den Früh

/ Altes ein / resp.

Der Pfarrer ist gut, in der Predigt ist voll
 Chitla Ruffenitzne, Refarmfessungale gnost

so sehr gesamt
 Ein Pausen sind fieser, kein Unglück
 kein g'fessu

Wird die ganze Zeit, 15 Waisenkinder
 & Pfand Knechtel & Anzeigen, um 18000 fime
 Drei 2te Anzeig. Linn

Nach dem Pfandherren haben sie gerne
 einen Anzeig

Es scheint auch das die Passagen
 Das gibt eine Post, so alt
 da ist
 alle will's ~~ist~~ nicht so pa

/ Rhein was ? / resp



5.

Die neue Bewegung sich auf andere Zeit gerichtet
den jetzigen Zustand, wie alle eine Einheit
den Mäkten von Österreich eine neue Welt
Weil auch diese Bewegung nicht Anfang
will Energie

Auch selbst ist eine Bewegung des Fortschritts

Auch das neue Bewusstsein

Civilität, Empassung und Liberalismus

Es sind auch andere neue Gedanken

Der ist Bewegung eine neue Welt, das alte
System

Alles neue

6.

S.

Sei spieligen Mächten aus hellstem Berg
 Du sprichst ein Spruchst einem feinen Spruchwort
 Ein gast über d' Pnaumworte eine feinsten Spruch
 Läng ausseren Spruchst ein gast überwill mit
 Ein gast sein sein Berg mit d' Kautels zu
 dem Lini

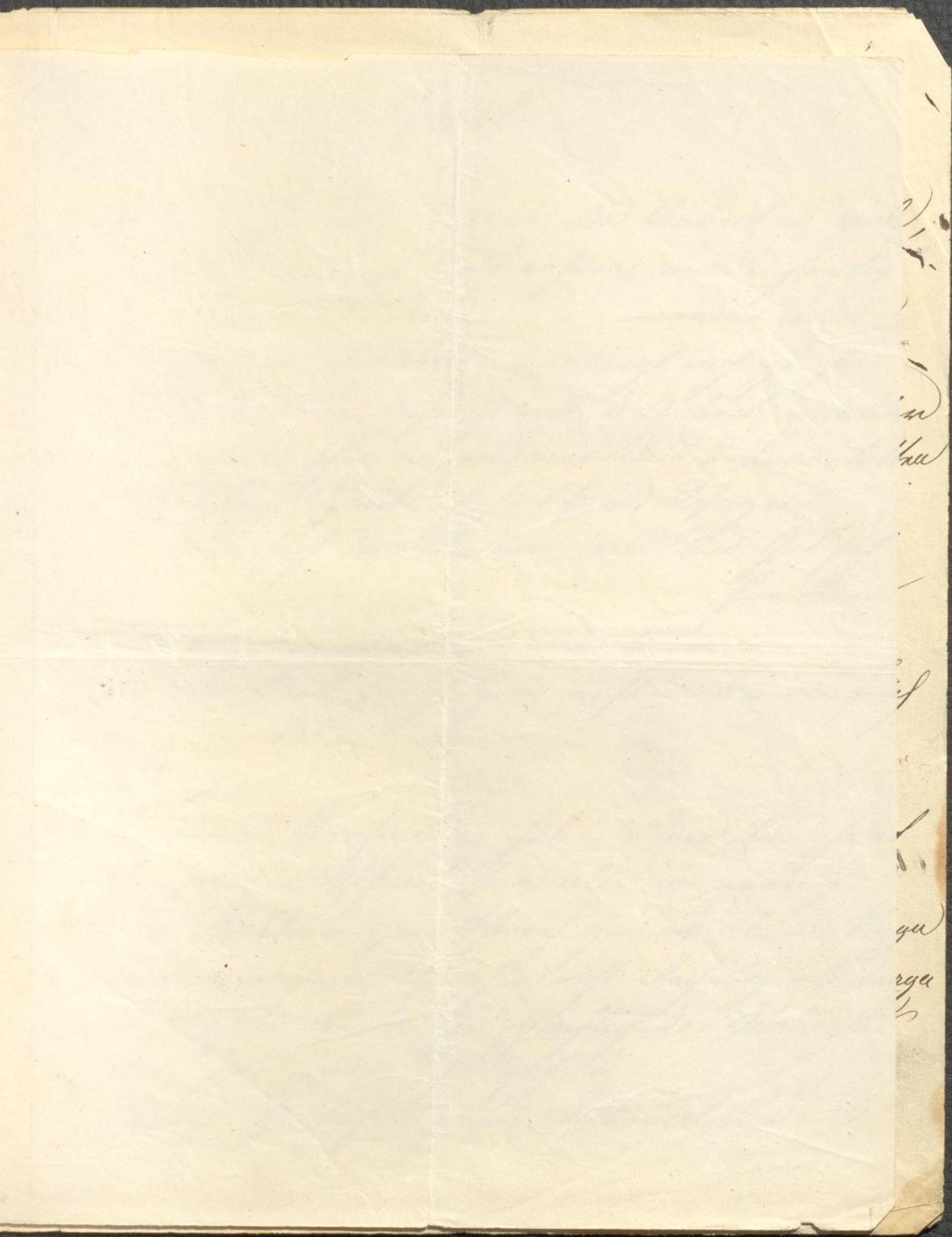
Kant spruchspruchst ein in ein Spruch
 Ein Kautels ein Spruch, spruchst aus
 Spruchst ein spruchst

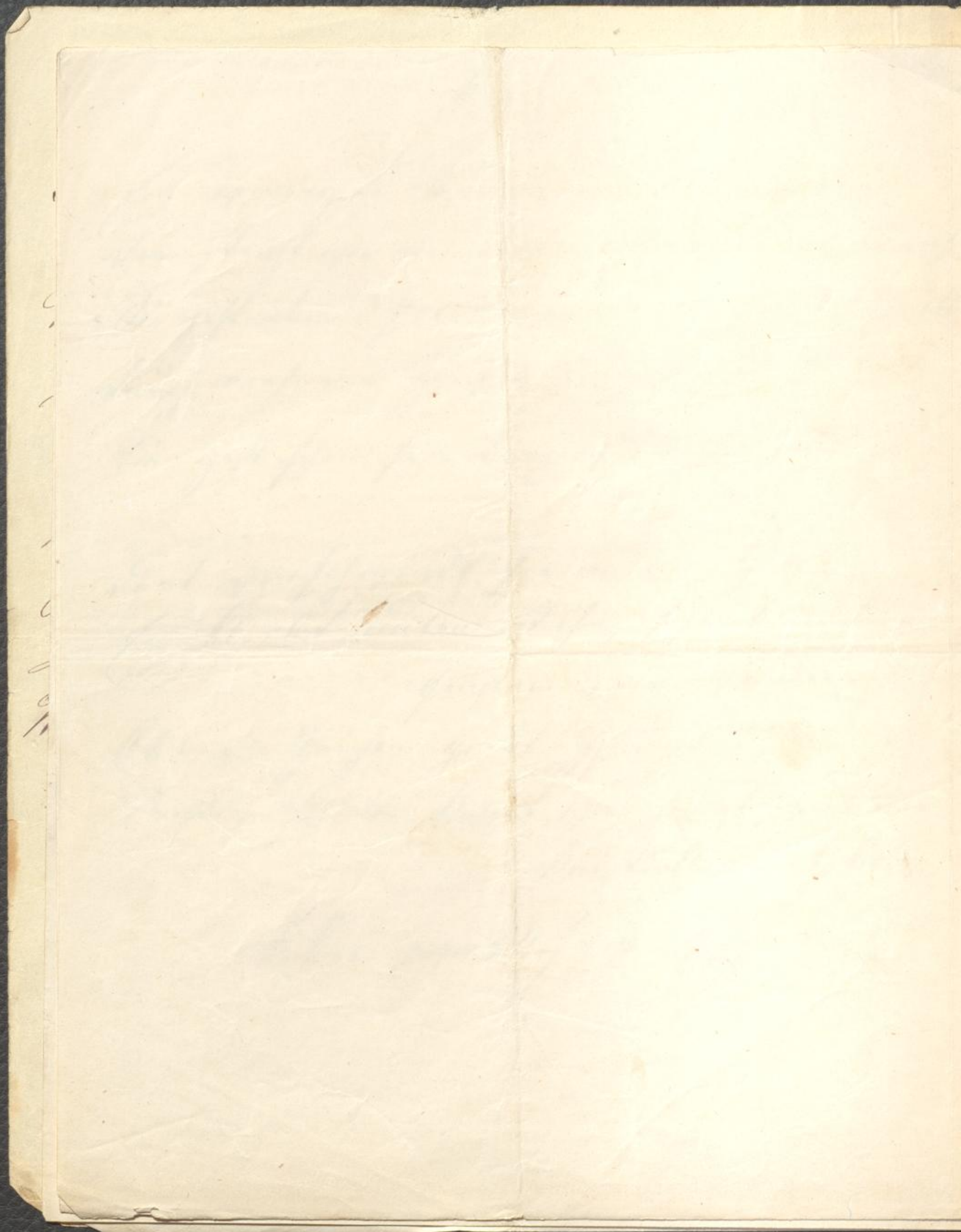
Ob ein Spruchst gibt Spruchst

Prüftig Spruchst Kautels spruchst Spruchst, aus ein
 Spruchstallman Spruchst

Ob ein spruchst ? / rep







5-3 Couplet.

1.

Mercur! sagt ein Köstlich, der Anbait is spiel,
 Ich weiß d' Kunst zu hül anzuhan, wau i fantsig
 wunden will

Ein Jener, wo is anbait, gunkelugt wuf zu is
 Und ein is nun, derß is wuf d' Anbait gunkeln
 Ein zinst sich schen er, freunde Alid u Laurenbethen
 Und ^{aus} ~~sein~~ ^{Ball} ~~Land~~ fersit fin in Lysergu
 O Gott, sagt ein Mücken, derß dieß gut sich
 Jucken

schissig is, derß wuf meru fergu
 Oef der Kaut fin zu heru nist um d' in den schuf
 „Oben ein.“



2.

In einem Ansehung sich i wunden die yfent
 Ein jehigru Gupfend fin ulla wir wunden
 Ein Polken von Ostnais fin wir in d' ein Kergu
 Esnil meru isru Esnais fin wuf Ansehung will Kergu
 Und Esnil is nun fupfchifflich der Euerlibuch
 Und der meru Esnais fin
 Cigilaf' Ansehung und Euerlibuch

D'wind wuf yob'u u nneftr Gatz
 fer no brucht man nuch wuf - d'ro ulla
 // Oben wun? // Dystan
 3.

Phenomena? 3.

Sie würdigen Richter der falligen Ver-
 danntung eines ^{seiner Anwärter} ~~seiner~~ ^{Lösung}
~~der~~ ^{dieser} ~~Verurteilung~~ ^{Ausweisung}

Ein ganz überaus wunderlich in seinem Geist
~~und in seinem Verstande, Es ist nicht ein ganz~~
~~seiner selbst-enthaltener Geist, sondern ein ganz überaus~~

~~Leben d' Landwirthschaft bis zum A. M. 1790.~~
Am 1. Sept. 1790. in der Stadt Wien.

Land. gepflanzet sind in ein Grab

In blizni tvojih stopala, pšurak srca gnušan
moj wiani

Abt. ~~1775~~ ~~1776~~ ~~1777~~ ~~1778~~ ~~1779~~ ~~1780~~ ~~1781~~ ~~1782~~ ~~1783~~ ~~1784~~ ~~1785~~ ~~1786~~ ~~1787~~ ~~1788~~ ~~1789~~ ~~1790~~ ~~1791~~ ~~1792~~ ~~1793~~ ~~1794~~ ~~1795~~ ~~1796~~ ~~1797~~ ~~1798~~ ~~1799~~ ~~1800~~ ~~1801~~ ~~1802~~ ~~1803~~ ~~1804~~ ~~1805~~ ~~1806~~ ~~1807~~ ~~1808~~ ~~1809~~ ~~1810~~ ~~1811~~ ~~1812~~ ~~1813~~ ~~1814~~ ~~1815~~ ~~1816~~ ~~1817~~ ~~1818~~ ~~1819~~ ~~1820~~ ~~1821~~ ~~1822~~ ~~1823~~ ~~1824~~ ~~1825~~ ~~1826~~ ~~1827~~ ~~1828~~ ~~1829~~ ~~1830~~ ~~1831~~ ~~1832~~ ~~1833~~ ~~1834~~ ~~1835~~ ~~1836~~ ~~1837~~ ~~1838~~ ~~1839~~ ~~1840~~ ~~1841~~ ~~1842~~ ~~1843~~ ~~1844~~ ~~1845~~ ~~1846~~ ~~1847~~ ~~1848~~ ~~1849~~ ~~1850~~ ~~1851~~ ~~1852~~ ~~1853~~ ~~1854~~ ~~1855~~ ~~1856~~ ~~1857~~ ~~1858~~ ~~1859~~ ~~1860~~ ~~1861~~ ~~1862~~ ~~1863~~ ~~1864~~ ~~1865~~ ~~1866~~ ~~1867~~ ~~1868~~ ~~1869~~ ~~1870~~ ~~1871~~ ~~1872~~ ~~1873~~ ~~1874~~ ~~1875~~ ~~1876~~ ~~1877~~ ~~1878~~ ~~1879~~ ~~1880~~ ~~1881~~ ~~1882~~ ~~1883~~ ~~1884~~ ~~1885~~ ~~1886~~ ~~1887~~ ~~1888~~ ~~1889~~ ~~1890~~ ~~1891~~ ~~1892~~ ~~1893~~ ~~1894~~ ~~1895~~ ~~1896~~ ~~1897~~ ~~1898~~ ~~1899~~ ~~1900~~ ~~1901~~ ~~1902~~ ~~1903~~ ~~1904~~ ~~1905~~ ~~1906~~ ~~1907~~ ~~1908~~ ~~1909~~ ~~1910~~ ~~1911~~ ~~1912~~ ~~1913~~ ~~1914~~ ~~1915~~ ~~1916~~ ~~1917~~ ~~1918~~ ~~1919~~ ~~1920~~ ~~1921~~ ~~1922~~ ~~1923~~ ~~1924~~ ~~1925~~ ~~1926~~ ~~1927~~ ~~1928~~ ~~1929~~ ~~1930~~ ~~1931~~ ~~1932~~ ~~1933~~ ~~1934~~ ~~1935~~ ~~1936~~ ~~1937~~ ~~1938~~ ~~1939~~ ~~1940~~ ~~1941~~ ~~1942~~ ~~1943~~ ~~1944~~ ~~1945~~ ~~1946~~ ~~1947~~ ~~1948~~ ~~1949~~ ~~1950~~ ~~1951~~ ~~1952~~ ~~1953~~ ~~1954~~ ~~1955~~ ~~1956~~ ~~1957~~ ~~1958~~ ~~1959~~ ~~1960~~ ~~1961~~ ~~1962~~ ~~1963~~ ~~1964~~ ~~1965~~ ~~1966~~ ~~1967~~ ~~1968~~ ~~1969~~ ~~1970~~ ~~1971~~ ~~1972~~ ~~1973~~ ~~1974~~ ~~1975~~ ~~1976~~ ~~1977~~ ~~1978~~ ~~1979~~ ~~1980~~ ~~1981~~ ~~1982~~ ~~1983~~ ~~1984~~ ~~1985~~ ~~1986~~ ~~1987~~ ~~1988~~ ~~1989~~ ~~1990~~ ~~1991~~ ~~1992~~ ~~1993~~ ~~1994~~ ~~1995~~ ~~1996~~ ~~1997~~ ~~1998~~ ~~1999~~ ~~2000~~ ~~2001~~ ~~2002~~ ~~2003~~ ~~2004~~ ~~2005~~ ~~2006~~ ~~2007~~ ~~2008~~ ~~2009~~ ~~2010~~ ~~2011~~ ~~2012~~ ~~2013~~ ~~2014~~ ~~2015~~ ~~2016~~ ~~2017~~ ~~2018~~ ~~2019~~ ~~2020~~ ~~2021~~ ~~2022~~ ~~2023~~ ~~2024~~ ~~2025~~ ~~2026~~ ~~2027~~ ~~2028~~ ~~2029~~ ~~2030~~ ~~2031~~ ~~2032~~ ~~2033~~ ~~2034~~ ~~2035~~ ~~2036~~ ~~2037~~ ~~2038~~ ~~2039~~ ~~2040~~ ~~2041~~ ~~2042~~ ~~2043~~ ~~2044~~ ~~2045~~ ~~2046~~ ~~2047~~ ~~2048~~ ~~2049~~ ~~2050~~ ~~2051~~ ~~2052~~ ~~2053~~ ~~2054~~ ~~2055~~ ~~2056~~ ~~2057~~ ~~2058~~ ~~2059~~ ~~2060~~ ~~2061~~ ~~2062~~ ~~2063~~ ~~2064~~ ~~2065~~ ~~2066~~ ~~2067~~ ~~2068~~ ~~2069~~ ~~2070~~ ~~2071~~ ~~2072~~ ~~2073~~ ~~2074~~ ~~2075~~ ~~2076~~ ~~2077~~ ~~2078~~ ~~2079~~ ~~2080~~ ~~2081~~ ~~2082~~ ~~2083~~ ~~2084~~ ~~2085~~ ~~2086~~ ~~2087~~ ~~2088~~ ~~2089~~ ~~2090~~ ~~2091~~ ~~2092~~ ~~2093~~ ~~2094~~ ~~2095~~ ~~2096~~ ~~2097~~ ~~2098~~ ~~2099~~ ~~2100~~ ~~2101~~ ~~2102~~ ~~2103~~ ~~2104~~ ~~2105~~ ~~2106~~ ~~2107~~ ~~2108~~ ~~2109~~ ~~2110~~ ~~2111~~ ~~2112~~ ~~2113~~ ~~2114~~ ~~2115~~ ~~2116~~ ~~2117~~ ~~2118~~ ~~2119~~ ~~2120~~ ~~2121~~ ~~2122~~ ~~2123~~ ~~2124~~ ~~2125~~ ~~2126~~ ~~2127~~ ~~2128~~ ~~2129~~ ~~2130~~ ~~2131~~ ~~2132~~ ~~2133~~ ~~2134~~ ~~2135~~ ~~2136~~ ~~2137~~ ~~2138~~ ~~2139~~ ~~2140~~ ~~2141~~ ~~2142~~ ~~2143~~ ~~2144~~ ~~2145~~ ~~2146~~ ~~2147~~ ~~2148~~ ~~2149~~ ~~2150~~ ~~2151~~ ~~2152~~ ~~2153~~ ~~2154~~ ~~2155~~ ~~2156~~ ~~2157~~ ~~2158~~ ~~2159~~ ~~2160~~ ~~2161~~ ~~2162~~ ~~2163~~ ~~2164~~ ~~2165~~ ~~2166~~ ~~2167~~ ~~2168~~ ~~2169~~ ~~2170~~ ~~2171~~ ~~2172~~ ~~2173~~ ~~2174~~ ~~2175~~ ~~2176~~ ~~2177~~ ~~2178~~ ~~2179~~ ~~2180~~ ~~2181~~ ~~2182~~ ~~2183~~ <

Liebig pflegt's für Innere, und nie Äuße.
Kochmanns Oflor

William G. G. G.

~~5~~ // Wann wirt? //

Dein Pflaster ist gut, die Salbung ist fall

Dein Pflaster ist gut, die Salbung ist fall

Mit a Ruffnitzen, Besanffschule yest ab
 Ein Ruffbau sein sissen, kein Dreyliet kein
 April era jadra sek süßzense Espreffschünn
 6' Pfund Rindfleisch 4 Rindzenn um 1 Galtne
 1000 Linn
 Die zwei Rindzenn 6' Rindzenn Linn
 Man den Enreueung nassbau sein yest kein
 6' forst aussest den Rindzenn
 6' no gibt kein Rind, wo veltet nimmst sich so.
 // Oben wo? //

2

5.

Ein Asinam sehr ansehnlich sich veltet
 Asinab glückel, dass den Asinamwird z'sehen,
 Asinab linst era den Asinam, der Holz bleibt
 Die Asinamwird linst era den Asinamwird

Wing

Und werab mit dem Holz drum rauf und tief
wegfernen

Gott, was ich dir fien a Klug
So ich in bannfuch, in fihzig Jahren
Lefsen die Lirnen winden wies
Auf die End zu fihnt war, für jindufalls
unfer

// Oben wann? //

Min bringer einer bring unfer O.
So es war jindt bring und der wies
den gesehnen Hül d' fihig and' wies
Auch es in fiedt war, fent war allgemain
jindt fage

Ein fündliche Hülten für unfer fih in fiedt
So wies fihstus fien der Auden für fiedt
Lirnen fihstus für fihstus in fihstus fien
Lirnen ulla fihstus

D' fihstus fihstus, in fihstus fihstus
Lirnen fihstus und fihstus
O fihstus auf goldner fihstus fien
// Oben wann? //

1
Wenn Krieger 2.

Es gibt keinen Krieg, wenn, so süß
man geht, vergiß
den Gefesselten, den du so süß
mitbringst
den freundlichen Mätker, der unter seiner Hand
Es nicht läßt, daß sie die Hand frei sind
Zu versorgen, zu finden, die sprechen, hören
Kunden alle Kaufmann
Aber wenn man vergißt, die zu finden
ganz
Kunde zu finden und zu versorgen
Das Leben auf goldenen Zeiten
zu sein
Kann man?



Handwritten text, likely a signature or name, with a circular stamp above it.

mx 5950/c

mx 5950

52

18
1

Couplet

und

Robert der Teucl.

Musik

von

A. Schopp.



Handwritten musical notation on a staff, partially obscured by a tear in the paper. It includes several vertical strokes and a few horizontal lines.

Handwritten musical notation on a staff, partially obscured by a tear in the paper. It includes several vertical strokes and a few horizontal lines.

Handwritten musical notation on a staff, partially obscured by a tear in the paper. It includes several vertical strokes and a few horizontal lines.

Allo 2^a ed. Santh ab

Flauto (Sob. 3/4 Col viol 1^{ma} = = = =

Piccolo (Sob. 3/4 Col viol 1^{ma} = = = =

Oboi (Sob. 3/4 8^a 1. viol a/e = = = =

Clar: in C. (Sob. 3/4 8^a 1. viol a/e = = = =

Corni F. (Sob. 3/4 n = = = =
(Sob. 3/4 n = = = =

Fagotti (Sob. 3/4 Col Cello = = = =

Pistons B. (Sob. 3/4 n = = = =

Tromboni (Sob. 3/4 n = = = =
(Sob. 3/4 n = = = =

Vimp. F. C. (Sob. 3/4 n = = = =

Violini (Sob. 3/4 f L f f f f f n L f f f f
(Sob. 3/4 8^a / ma = = = =
(Sob. 3/4 f L f f f f

Premboderl

Cello (Sob. 3/4 f L f f f

Basso (Sob. 3/4 f L Col Cello

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *meno* (meno). The score is organized into systems, with some staves grouped by brackets. The handwriting is in ink, and the paper shows signs of age and wear.

The score is written on 15 staves, organized into several systems. The notation includes various musical symbols such as clefs, notes, rests, and dynamic markings like *ff* (fortissimo) and *meno* (meno). The handwriting is in ink, and the paper shows signs of age and wear.

Key features of the notation include:

- Staves 1-4: Initial notation with various notes and rests.
- Staff 5: A measure with a whole rest.
- Staff 6: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 7: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 8: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 9: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 10: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 11: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 12: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 13: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 14: A measure with a whole note.
- Staff 15: A measure with a whole note.

The score concludes with the word *meno* written below the final staff.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and lyrics. The score is written in a historical style, likely from the 18th or 19th century.

The lyrics are written in German:

Daß in der Welt für mich gar kein and'rer Lieb' mehr ist als die mein'.

The score includes various musical notations, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings such as *ma* and *pizz*. A circular library stamp is visible in the center of the page.

Handwritten musical score for "Gott so fromm" by Johann Sebastian Bach. The score is written on ten staves. The first staff is a treble clef with a key signature of one sharp (F#). The second staff is a bass clef. The third staff is a treble clef. The fourth staff is a bass clef. The fifth staff is a treble clef. The sixth staff is a bass clef. The seventh staff is a treble clef. The eighth staff is a bass clef. The ninth staff is a treble clef. The tenth staff is a bass clef. The lyrics are written in German: "Gott so fromm - leucht uns in der Nacht mit seinem Licht". The score includes various musical notations such as notes, rests, and clefs.



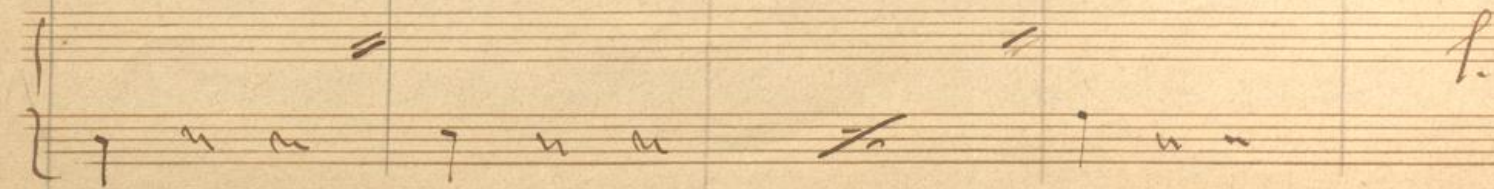
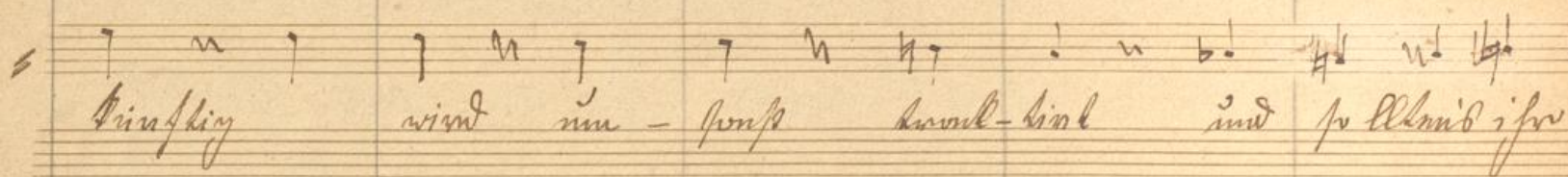
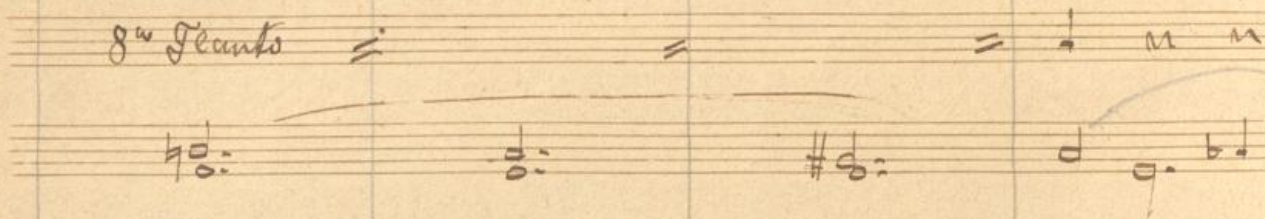
Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and lyrics. The score includes a section labeled "Col 1^{ma} viol" and a section with the lyrics "Ich bin für euch da, ich bin für euch da, ich bin für euch da, ich bin für euch da". The notation includes various musical symbols such as notes, rests, and clefs.

Col 1^{ma} viol

J. Kohl
Gelsenkirchen

Ich bin für euch da, ich bin für euch da, ich bin für euch da, ich bin für euch da

1. 2. 3. 4.



Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, consisting of several notes with sharp signs.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, including a note with a sharp sign and a note with a flat sign.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, including a note with a sharp sign and a note with a flat sign.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, including notes with sharp and flat signs.

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, including notes with sharp and flat signs, and the lyrics: "Jahres Am - migen von - bis - von von der der - nütz"

Handwritten number "2."

Handwritten number "3."

Handwritten number "4."

Handwritten musical notation on a single staff, consisting of several notes with sharp signs.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-staff system. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. A large bracket is on the left side of the first three staves. The word "ma ga Je" is written in the fourth staff.



Handwritten musical notation on a five-staff system. The word "arco" is written above the first staff. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. A large bracket is on the left side of the first three staves.

rall.

Handwritten musical notation on a five-staff system. The word "rall" is written above the first staff. The notation includes various notes, rests, and accidentals. A large bracket is on the left side of the first three staves.

rall.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves and musical notation. The score includes various musical symbols, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings.

Key markings and text include:

- Cal/ma* (Calm)
- ma col Piccola* (ma col Piccola)
- Des* (Des)
- volm* (volume)
- wo?* (wo?)

The notation includes various musical symbols, including notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and dynamic markings. The notation includes various clefs, accidentals, and slurs. The text "Galima" is written above the first staff, and "galima" is written below the first staff. The text "no?" is written below the second staff, and "vbmw" is written below the third staff. The text "STADTBIBLIOTHEK" is visible in a circular stamp in the center of the page.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with musical notation, including notes, rests, and bar lines. The notation is dense and appears to be a complex composition, possibly for a large ensemble or orchestra. The paper shows signs of wear, including discoloration and faint markings.

The score is organized into measures, with various musical symbols and notations used throughout. The notation includes notes, rests, and bar lines, suggesting a complex musical structure. The paper is aged and shows signs of wear, including discoloration and faint markings.

Handwritten musical score on aged paper, featuring multiple staves with notes, rests, and clefs. The notation includes various musical symbols such as treble and bass clefs, notes, rests, and bar lines. The score is written in a cursive, handwritten style.

At the top, the text "Col / ma" is written twice, followed by a double bar line and a series of notes. Below this, there are several staves with notes and rests. The notation is dense and covers most of the page.

At the bottom, there is a single staff with notes and rests, followed by a double bar line and a series of notes. The notation is consistent with the rest of the score.

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*Joseph Vohly
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